# **Berlin Places** The Azores in Barred Zone

Declares Islands Have Become Important Bases of the Enemy

Admiral Says U.S. Has Built Forts

Germany Also Closes Channel to Greece in the Mediterranean

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 22 .- A new German barred zone, a dispatch from Ber lin announces, has been established around the Azores, "which have become in economic and military respects in portant hostile bases of Atlantic navi-

The extension of the German maritime barred zone is announced from Berlin in an official memorandum,

which says:

"The hostile governments are endeavoring by the intensification of the hunger blockade against neutral countries to force out to sea neutral cargo space, which is keeping in port, and to press it into their service. As hostile shipping and shipping sailing in hostile interest are being supplemented by violent measures, the German government in its struggle against Great Britain's domination of violence, which tramples under foot all rights, especially those of smaller nations, finds itself obliged to extend the field of operation of its submarines."

It adds that the extension prin-

It adds that the extension principally consists of the "establishment of a barred zone around the Azores, which had become in economic and military respects important bostile bases of Atlantic navigation, and in closing a channel to Greece hitherto closing a channel to Greece hitherto left open in the Mediterranean, as it had been utilized by the Venizelos gov-ernment not so much for the supply of the Greek population with foodstuffs as for the transport of arms and am-munition."

Outline New Zone

thus:

"From 39 dagrees north latitude and 17 west longitude to 44 north latitude and 27 degrees 45 minutes west longitude, to 44 north latitude and 34 west longitude, to 42 degrees 30 minutes north latitude and 37 west longitude, to 27 degrees north latitude and 37 west longitude, to 27 degrees north latitude and 37 west longitude, to 27 degrees north latitude. longitude, to 37 degrees north lati-tude and 37 west longitude, to 30 north latitude and 28 west longitude, to 34 north latitude and 20 west longitude, and thence back to the

tion that the Mexican government will resist payment of claims against it arising from obligations entered into by the Huerta aiministration was seen to-day in the following official an-

"The Huerta usurpation obtained large sums from certain banks in Mexico City, which institutions have applied to the government for recomment. They have been informed that in accordance with the notification issued at the time of the loans by First Chief Carranza such leans will not be recognized. nized or repaid by the government."

# Chinese Mission Coming

## Will Reach Washington This Week on Industrial Errand [Staff Correspondence]

NEW ATLANTIC



The shaded portion about the Azore shows the new area in which Germany warns the world she will sink friend and foe alike on sight. The Azores lie about one third the way from Europe to the United States.

# Increased Toll Of U-Boats Laid

Parallels Allies' Success in Sinking Five in One Day

ness of merchant tonnage.

The memorandum then details at length and specifically the extended zone around Western Europe, the externe points touched being a point three miles south of the Faroe Islands in the north, 43 north latitude in the south and 30 west longitude in the south and 30 west longitude in the west. The new barred zone around the west. The new barred zone around the west the new barred zone around the west the new barred zone around the west. The new barred zone around the west the new barred zone around the west that the south and the zone will leave the yard of the Skinner-Eddy Company, at Scattle, next Saturday. This vessel is an 11-knet cargo carrier of 8.800 tons. The new construction contracted for by the Emergency Fieet Corporation to date, as reported by the Shipping Submarine, even though sinkings do drop to a few vessels a week.

The exact-situation with regard to the submarine is this: There still appear to be as many U-boats as ever 1,330,400 tons. operating in British waters. But they are not producing the results they once did. The depth bomb, which has been steadily increased in size and power until it has only to be exploded near

there would be a real gain from con sidering the war on the sea in con junction with the war on the land. The relation of the two is intimate. The submarine is really attacking the communications of the armies on the West front. Yet the defence of those communications is being conducted without any reference to the power being attacked.

Then there is the exposed end of the

Then there is the exposed end of the German line resting on the Belgian coast, something that a navy has never permitted to remain unchallenged before. Yet the Allied navies have no offensive policy that relates to the fore. Yet the Allied navies have no offensive policy that relates to the offensive policy of Haig and Pétain. The idea of unity in the conduct of the war that is going to prevail at the Paris conference, if Lloyd George has his way, is evidently very limited. It is plain that the Allied group cannot stop long in or anizing where he plans to stop.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The Chinese mission, headed by Major General Chang Ting-tse and Naval Commander Li Ching-hai, will arrive in Washington this week and enter into informal discussions with authoritles here. The mission has no diplomatic character and is charged only with an investigation of America's industrial preparedness and undertakings for war.

Six other officers are members of the mission. After visiting the principal industrial centres of the country and Washington, for which facilities are heing afforded by the American government, some members will proceed to Europe, the others returning to China with the data and recommendations gathered here.

Paris conference, if Lloyd George has his way, is evidently very limited. It is plain that the Allied group cannot stop long in organizing where he plans to stop.

Senator Weeks to Speak

For Canada's Victory Loan [Staff Correspondence]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Senator

Weeks to Speak

For Canada's Victory Loan in Estaff Correspondence]

Washington, for which facilities are heing afforded by the American government, some members will proceed to Europe, the others returning to China with the data and recommendations and at a mass meeting at Toronto the same afternoon, returning Wednesday night.

# BARRED ZONE Hurley Denies

To Luck of War Board's prior statement, it was ex-

struction programme will leave the

"enemy base in the Azores is outlined submarine, even though sinkings do Board to-day, aggregates a little more than 4,000,000 tons. This includes fifty-eight composite ships (wood and steel), 207,000 tens; 345 steel chips, 2,665,400 tons, and 778 wooden shirs, 1,330,400 tons. Additional contracts being awarded each week, it was

Proposes \$5,000 Bonus

A plan for speeding up ship con-struction in Pacific yards, laid before the Shipping Board to-day by William Pigott, president of the Scattle Manu-facturers' Association, provides that for each ship turned out by the West-

Suits and Overcoats

of destroyed efficiency is quite another.

we are now offering for \$25.

Practicing economy is one thing, stinting to the point

No man can afford to be poorly dressed when even in

spite of war time advances he can secure as good a suit as

this time. There are too many things involved to justify a confident prediction."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22. — No surprise was felt here over the news of increased losses of shipping through submarine attacks. The Germans had a lucky week, just as the Allies in sinking five U-boats in one day had a lucky day. This luck will vary from time to time, but there is confidence that the submarine will never again destroy ships faster than the Allies can build them. In that sense the jubmarine is beaten.

But it remains a menace, cutting down by nearly one-half the effectiveness of merchant tonnage.

this time. There are too many things involved to justify a confident prediction.

May Reach 6,000,000-Ton Mark

If all the foreign ships requisitioned on the ways by the Shipping Board on the ways by the Shipping Board and the vessels already contracted for leave the yards in 1918 the 5,000,000. These wooden and fifty-eight composite ships, of a total tonnage of 1,500,000. These wooden and fifty-eight composite ships, of a total tonnage of 1,500,000. These wooden and fifty-eight composite ships, of a total tonnage of 1,500,000. These wooden and fifty-eight composite ships, of a total tonnage of 1,500,000. These wooden and fifty-eight composite ships, of a total tonnage of 1,500,000. These wooden ships were conceived in trouble and dissension, and they will remain a trouble as long—or as short—as they continue to exist. We have also contracted for 550 steel ships, of 3,800,000 tons, and I want to say that the first of these vessels, aggregating 159,299 tons, had been completed and accepted by the Fleet Corporation. The first steel vessel of the new constantive formation."

The Emergency Fleet Corporation. The same ships were conceived in trouble and dissension, and they will remain a trouble as long—or as short—as they continue to exist. We have also contracted for 550 steel ships, of 3,800,000 tons, and I want to say that the first of these vessels, aggregating the ships and save the ships of the sevent had a leave the part of fore December."

# Hurley Finds Ship Conditions Here O. K.

Chief Cause of Delay Is at Unloading Points Abroad, He Says

[Staff Correspondence] WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—On his return from New York to-day Chairman Hurley explained that the purpose of his visit in company with Secretary of War Baker yesterday was to confer with New York port officials regarding the speeding up of overseas transport operations. Conditions at both the New York, Brooklyn and New Jersey terminals were found sat-

Department asserted to-day it had no confirmation of the reported proposal of an armistice to all the belligerents by the Bolsheviki, From remarks made by officials it was gathered that such action by the Maximalists would not be favorably considered by this gov-erament or the Entente. It was made plain also, in contra-diction of rumors that Colonel House

at the Paris inter-Allied conference would propose a revision of the Allies' war aims, that this government would

only.

But at the present

moment - seeing what

is offered the public-

we feel we are a little

too modest about our

You will best appre-

for the Military Man.

ciate them by making

\$25 range of suits.

"But," he continued, "the future government will have as one of the planks of its platform a demand that the Allies again state their war aims and thus cut the ground from under the feet of the German militarists. Before the present trouble began the government had worked out a scheme for forming a volunteer army. The next government will carry out this plan and will have the cordial help of Great Britain and America. This army will probably not be capable of great offensive action, but it will suffice for defensive purposes."

U. S. Would Oppose Bolsheviki's Plan For an Armistice

[Staff Correspondence]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—The State Department asserted to-day it had no continued the second of the content who accompanied the stollars of the tomic council of the ten minutes. Menjinsky declared that any one who opposed the execution of the order would be treated as a traitor. Officials of the bank and delegates of the Town Council and the Peasants' of the Town Council and the Peasants' at the order would be treated as a traitor. Officials of the bank and delegates of the Town Council and the Peasants' of the Semenously to meet the demand whatever the consequences.

At the expiration of the ten minutes further parleying disclosed that neither Maximalist Commissioners. Delegates from the from two accompanied the stollars igned in the protest against

from the front who accompanied the soldiers joined in the protest against the invasion of the bank. Muravieff eventually withdrew his troops.

## Armistice Proposal Not Separate Peace Plan, Say Bolsheviki PETROGRAD, Wednesday, Nov. 21.

stand and all wear longstroke to discrepance of the standing learness and standard learn Inquiry has developed the fact that the embassies of the Entente Allies at 6 o'clock this evening had not re-ceived the Bolsheviki government's communication regarding an armistice. The formal offer of an armistice to

and appearance, are so

superior to anything

we have seen bluster-

ingly offered as "very

special" at the price as to be absolutely con-

There is a very wide

selection of patterns

vincing.

and models.

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Smith St., cor. Livingston St. Graham Av., cor. Debevoise St. Pitkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.

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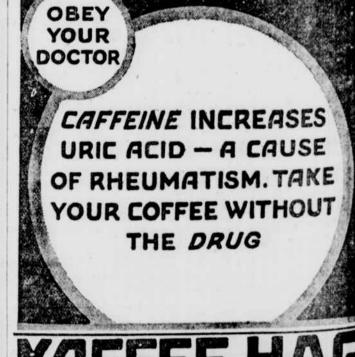
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Particular Palates

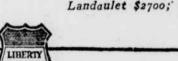
Seventh Av., bet. 48th & 49th Sts. Lexington Av., cor. 124th St. Grand St., cor. Clinton St. E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Av. ourtlandt Av., cor. 148th St.

Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St. East Houston St., cor. Essex St.





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